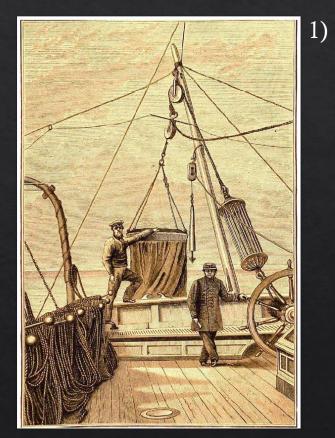


Abyssal and hadal fishes of the Pacific Ocean: baited lander studies from three hadal trench systems

Thomas Linley

# The 'era of exploration', the first wave of ultra-deep exploration

- ♦ The H.M.S. *Porcupine* collected the first abyssal samples in 1869
- ♦ First hadal fish in 1901
  - ♦ Princess-Alice
  - ♦ Ophidiid (cusk-eel)
    - ♦ Holcomycteronus profundissimus
- Widely spaced trawling and dredging stations
- ♦ Until the middle of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century, geographically wide expeditions collected samples from abyssal and hadal depths



## The 2<sup>nd</sup> wave of ultra-deep exploration

- ♦ From the middle of the 20<sup>th</sup> Century until now, the data collected are predominantly visual
- ♦ 1<sup>st</sup> wave
  - ♦ Physical samples
    - ♦ Potentially damaged
  - ♦ Doubt as to point of origin
- ♦ 2<sup>nd</sup> wave
  - None or few physical samples
  - ♦ Confidence in location
  - Natural appearance and behaviour

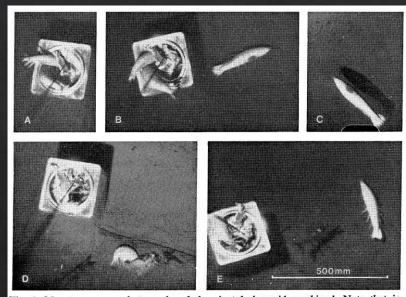


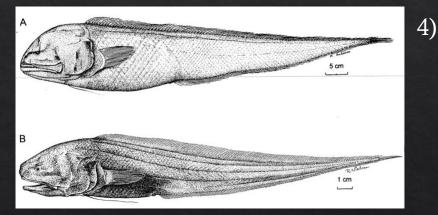
Fig. 1. Monster camera photographs of the giant lysianassid amphipod. Note that in (B) there are two individuals in the bait can.

2)

# Very different data





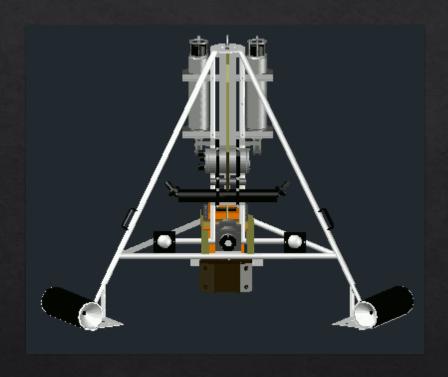


## Freefalling vehicles

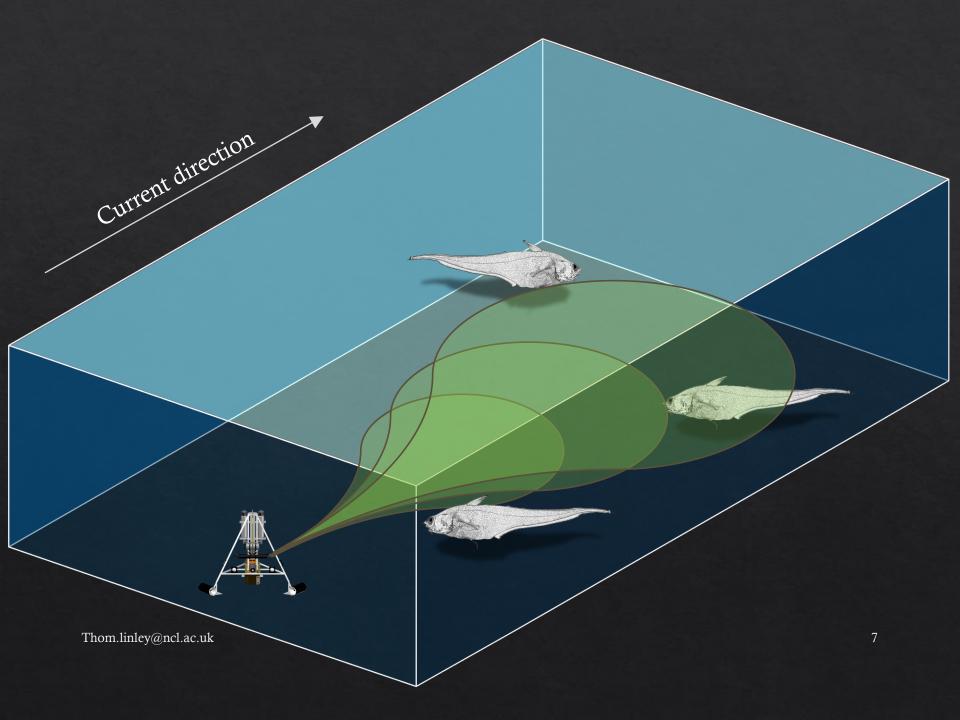
- With increasing depth, there is increasing cost
  - ♦ Equipment
  - ♦ Size of vessel
  - ♦ Time
  - ♦ Risk
- Landers less prone to these costs than other methods



# Scientific payload



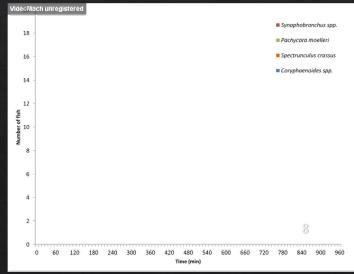
- ♦ Sensors
  - ♦ CTD
  - ♦ RCM
- Water samples
- ♦ Traps
- ♦ *In situ* experiments
- Camera systems
  - ♦ Commonly baited



### Baited lander data

- As the odour plume disperses fish are gathered from an increasing area
- They are seen to increase in numbers, feed and then disperse as the bait is consumed
- While possible, calculating population density can be difficult
- Proxies for local fish density are often used
  - ♦ The maximum number reached
  - ♦ The time taken for the first fish to arrive
  - ♦ The rate of arrival
  - ♦ The % of frames





#### Future direction

- Lander systems settle on the seabed
  - Omitting the far larger pelagic habitat above
- ♦ Baited systems only gather 'bait-attending' species
  - Omitting the larger non-attending community
- ♦ Short term
  - Providing only a snapshot
- ♦ Potential future development lies in:
  - ♦ Pelagic
  - ♦ Long term
  - ♦ Intelligent

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